The Anti-Coupon War. An amendment was on Wednesday offered to the tax-bill to discredit the coupons to the bonds issued under the funding act, and to diminish the State revenue from the landtax, and thus to curtail the means available to meet the public liabilities. This amendment was effered by the member from Washington. It diminishes the tax on land to forty cents in the hundred dollars' value, payable in lawful money. It is claimed for it that as it provides an additional tax of in lawful money, for the purpose of schools, it does not reduce the amount of the tax paid by the landholder.

It is further reported that the mover stated that his object was to place the people of the country upon an equal footing with those in the city, the latter, it being assumed, paying | increases its popularity. their taxes in coupons purchased at a discount, while these coupons are not within the reach of the countryman. As to this point, we may say that many of the country | will be found in reading the interesting colpeople do pay in coupons, and the number is increasing, and that any man who chooses can, at an expense of three cents for postage, order as many coupons as he wants.

The effect of the amendment will simply be to reduce the value of the coupon. If the country people can buy coupons at seventy cents in the dollar they will pay their taxes in coupons in preference to what is to be pronounced "lawful money." In the mean time the people of the cities will get the advantage of the diminished value of the coupon, and the State Treasury will sustain a heavy loss of revenue, and there will be no diminution of the aggregate amount of coupons paid into the Treasury. Every expedient that may be adopted for the purpose of inducing the people to pay taxes in some- of Internal Improvement Companies of the thing else than coupons only bears down the State of Virginia to the Board of Public value of the coupons without excluding | Works for the year 1874." them from the Treasury.

We regard this new movement as another link in the chain of expedients tending to repudiation. It will do no earthly good to the people of the State, and will accumulate troubles for the future. We trust that the Legislature will reject an amendment which brings up the same proposition that has been so often rejected. Its adoption would only further impair the public credit, increase the embarrassments of commerce and industry, and diminish the means of the people themselves. Above all, it will make deeper the reproaches heaped upon us from abroad, increase our own mortification at the public individual credit and the repulsion of all enterprises and investments from abroad.

The scheme is delusive. It will relieve nobody. It will injure the public creditor, lower the value of public securities, diminish the public revenue to meet constantlyincreasing obligations, and end in serious injury to the State in public character and

## MacKinnon's Plan.

We received some days since the "Second Corporation of Bondholders," "submitted to understand, to be of opinion that a slander the general court of members of the cor- promulged in such a place as the House of poration," on the 17th day of February, in Delegates of Virginia upon "hearsay" evi-London. In these proceedings we do not dence was a matter that was comparatively find the name of Mr. Mackinson at all. It Our difference of opinion was as wide as the does not appear in any of the lists of com- poles. We could not, and did not, agree, and mittees charged with the matter of the bonds | thus separated. of any of the nations. There is a report which especially refers to the conference of bondholders held in the capitol in this city, sired they would hear from me. in November, the transactions of which were represented to the Legislature in the message of Governor Kemper. In that report not a lish what they are pleased to call an "explaword appears in regard to Mr. Mackinson. either of them indite such a paper? An It is stated that the Hon. Hugh McCulloch apology to an aggressor for a wrong inwas requested by both the Council and the flicted? Committee of Bondholders for Virginia "to " proceed to Virginia and to report upon any " statements and proposals of the commis- least may restore the equanimity that has amendment exempting from taxation capital " sioners, which, on his return to England, been so unaccountably interrupted. " might be submitted for the consideration of " bondholders."

Mr. MoCulloca reported (as represented by the summary of facts laid before the Counc:l) that "the conference appeared to have " been chiefly occupied with the considera-"tion of a scheme for a four-per-cent. loan " put forward by some Americans who pro-" fessed to represent the views of the bond-" holders and the great capitalists of Eu-"rope."

The reading of this report satisfied us that Mr. Mackinson was acting without the knowledge or concurrence of any respectable | River Bridge Company. number of English bondholders, and we were not surprised to learn yesterday that Governor KEMPER had received letters from and the act amendatory thereof. the GILLIATS and the BARINGS, of London, discouraging the idea that the association represented by MacKinnon are able to recapitalize the State debt as proposed by MacKin-

The Governor, of course, promptly took measures to find out more about Mr. Mac-Kinnon's status, and to obtain from him such additional guarantees as would make tion that it do not pass; House bill to divide it proper for the State to treat with him in the Thirteenth judicial circuit, and to create regard to his proposition. It would be a a new circuit, to be known as the Eighsacrifice of public dignity to enter into such teenth circuit. a treaty without such guarantees, and would, Public Institutions, reported : Recommend-furthermore, impair the already seriously-ing that the Board of Education be disinjured public credit of the State.

WAIVER OF HOMESTEAD .- We have received a printed copy of an opinion pro-" much of section 3 of chapter 183 of the Code "of 1873 (page 1169) as provides for a waiver " of the homestead exemption" is "unconstitutional and void." We note the fact for the benefit of whom it may concern. If homestead laws are right, we ought to go back to old English law, and not allow the J. Sheppard, of Halifax county. homestead to be allenated in any way or for any reason. Our opinion is that homestead | Senate a bill to incorporate the Grangers' laws, and stay-laws, and all other laws that Banking and Trust Company. Agreed to. undertake to relieve men from responsibility for their own acts-whether because they have wives and children, or for any other reason-do much harm and no good. As tion, and to grant them certain privileges; HERBERT SPENCER well says, the result of special legislation for the protection of fools must be a nation of fools.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTIONS .- Concord, by the people, but Cheney (Republican) will | question at 3 o'clock to-day. now doubtless be chosen by the Legislature. The latest returns elect Jones (Democrat) to Congress in the First, Bell (Democrat) in the Second, and Blair (Republican) in the Third sent of the Senate, he would, so far as his

In the last House the Republicans had two members and the Democrats only one. So that their victory seems to be "over the left." The Washington Republican says: "New Hampshire election. Our bonanza don't pan out so much to the ton as it did!"

All the new contracts for mail routes in

General MABONE Owes the State of Virginia some four millions of dollars, which, when it shall fall due and be paid, will assist materially in reducing the State deb'. Courage, gentlemen of the General Assem-

#### New Books.

Personal Reminiscences by Moore and Jerdan, Edited by RICHARD HENRY STOD-DART. New York: SCRIBNER, ARMSTRONG

This is an addition to the Bric-a-Brac series, that has grown so very popular. The reminiscences of Moore are full of entertainment. He lived in a world of fashion, refinement, and literature. His lively wit and high social disposition made him sought, and endeared him to society. Lord John Russell ten cents in the hundred dollars, to be paid considered the defect of "Tom Moore's" journal to be that " while he is at great pains "to put in writing the stories and the jokes he hears, he seldom records a serious discussion or notices the instructive portion of the conversations in which he bore a 'part." We think it likely that this only

JERDAN was a journalist, and swept the daily current as an artful fisherman with his net. The fruits of his art were valuable, as lection which the editor, Mr. STODDART, has gathered up in the Bric-a-Brac series.

For sale by WEST, JOHNSTON & Co.

The Game of Draw-Poker. By HENRY T. WINTERBLOSSOM. New York: WILLIAM H. MURPHY.

Minister Schenck seems to have excited an ambition to make books on poker. We have if the report of the committee proposed in this work through the mail. WINTERBLOSsom, we take it, is a fictitious name; but we can say to young adventurers that if they will only go into the game of poker the blossoms of their you'hful lives will soon be nipped by a fatal winter's frost.

We are indebted to Mr. R. F. WALKER, Publie Printer, for a copy of the "Annual Reports

### Messrs. Magruder and Moore.

The paragraph in yesterday's Dispatch with reference to the statement of these gentlemen concerning the Fulkerson personalities was based upon a sketch furnished by our reporter. Since it was written I have read the statement itself, and think a word or two under my own signature may be due to those gentlemen and to myself.

They have waited an unaccountably long ime before publishing their statement, which would have been better put forth while the memory was fresh; but there is a single point concerning their interview upon which the whole matter depends, and that is:

Messrs. Magruder and Moore expressed the opinion that I was unjustly severe upon delinquency, and tend to the destruction of the member from Washington upon a misunderstanding as to what he did say. They stated what they understood him to say, and it differed from what the reporters all concurred in representing him as saying in this: Messrs. Magruder and Moore said that the member from Washington made his statement upon "hearsay" authority, and the reporters represented bim as making his charge against the Dispatch, without shrink-

ing behind the "hearsay" authority. I said to them that their view of what he said did not alter the case much; that a retailer of slander was little less to be censured than the author of it, and in frequent in-Annual General Report of the Council of the stances be was infinitely worse. They seemed, under some sort of ethics I do not inoffensive and not deserving sharp censure.

I commended them for their good motives. and parted with them, remarking that if, upon reflection, a further interview was de-

Now, how it was possible for the gentlemen to infer any intention on my part to pubnation" I cannot understand. How would

I cannot understand how their feelings became disrupted by disappointment. I am innocent in the matter, and trust that time at of citizens of Staunton for a constitutional J. A. COWARDIN.

## General Assembly of Virginia.

THURSDAY, March 11, 1875. SENATE.

Lieutenant-Governor Thomas presiding.

COMMITTEE REPORTS. Mr. PRIDEMORE, from the Committee on General Laws, reported with amendment Senate bill to incorporate the Chamber of Commerce of Richmond; also, a bill to in-

corporate the Valley Cemetery Association, and Senate bill to incorporate the New Mr. CRITCHER, from the Committee on

Roads, reported Senate bill to amend the act to incorporate the Roanoke Valley railroad, Mr. LACKLAND, from the Committee on

Privileges and Elections, reported Senate bill to amend section 19 of chapter 8 of the Code, in relation to canvassing election re-Mr. HERNDON, from the Committee for

Courts of Justice, reported: House bill to amend section 9 of chapter 40 of the Code, in relation to service of execution in favor of the Commonwealth, with the recommenda-Mr. KIRKPATRICK, from the Committee on

charged from the consideration of the charges in reference to the Petersburg School Board; House bill to authorize the sale of the penitentiary-spring lot, &c.; House bill to authorize the trustees of Jacksonville Female of an act to incorporate the Southside Uni- Rejected -- ayes, 49; noes, 50. versity and to change its name.

PRESENTED AND REFERRED. By Mr. McRag: A bill to incorporate the

Granite Insurance Company. By Mr. Ragland: A bill to provide an artificial leg, or commutation therefor, to James

By Mr. CRITCHER: A resolution that leave be granted to withdraw from the files of the

Mr. TAYLOR presented a bill to exempt the agricultural societies of this State from taxawhich, under a suspension of the rules, was passed.

THE TOBACCO QUESTION.

The CHAIR announced that when the Senate adjourned yesterday the question was upon the resolution presented by Mr. SMITH, March 10. - There is no election of Governor of Nelson-viz., to dispose of the whole bill arrived before he defined his position. Mr. Nowlin demanded the pending ques-

Mr. Smith of Nelson said, with the con- days and Hubgin for two days.

side was concerned, withdraw the resolution. There being no objection, the resolution was withdrawn. Mr. Nowlin then withdrew the demand

for the pending question.

Virginia have been awarded by the Post- of remitting the subject to the people for

he was therefore in favor of waiting until advanced to its third reading. the next session of the Legislature before action was had, as had been done on the oyster question.

The hour of 1 o'clock having arrived, Mr. Moffert moved to extend the time half an quorum present and voting-ayes, 50; noes, Mr. Smith of Nelson said be would agree

time ought to be given to each side. Mr. McRas moved to amend by fixing the hour at 2 o'clock, unless a vote is sooner reached. The motion was agreed to, and Mr. Que-

SENBERRY continued his remarks until 1:17, when Mr. Smirn of Nelson addressed the Senate in opposition to the motion to indefinitely postpone and to remand the subject to the people, and in favor of abolishing the compulsory features of inspection. Mr. Suith concluded his remarks at 1:40,

and was followed by Mr. KIRKPATRICK on the same side and in reply to the remarks of Mr. Quesenberry. At 2 o'clock Mr. PRIDEMORE moved to ex-

tend the time.

Mr. McRae opposed the motion. Mr. PRIDEMORE: I move that the Senate resolve to vote before it adjourns to-day.

The CHAIR: The hour having arrived, the Senate will vote on the question unless it is

ordered otherwise. Mr. QUESENBERRY: I move to extend the time to 3 o'clock, unless a vote is sooner Mr. Moffett moved as an amendment that

the vote be taken at 2:15 o'clock. Mr. MEEM demanded the ayes and noes on Mr. Moffett's motion. The motion was agreed to-ayes, 29; noes, 5. Mr. KIRKPATRICK, having been asked whether the 56th section could be suspended until the next session of the General Assembly, said in his opinion it could; and that

sembly to suspend the operation of the secion even if it was not modified or repealed. Mr. Holladay then addressed the Senate in opposition to the motion to indefinitely postpone the subject, and in favor of the committee's report proposed in lieu of the 56th section, and in opposition to compul-

lieu of this section is not adopted it would

sory inspection. At 2 o'clock Mr. MOFFETT moved that the time be extended to half-past 2. Mr. RAGLAND said that before the motion was put he desired to protest against the other side speaking any more-they had had taree running speeches. The CHAIR: The Chair will allow the sen-

afor from Henrico five minutes longer on account of the delay in calling the roll. Mr. RAGLAND: Very well, sir; that will suit me Mr. Holladay then continued his remarks.

and spoke very earnestly in favor of the interests of the tobacco trade. At 2:22 o'clock the PRESIDENT's gavel came down upon the table, and he announced that on Monday :

the time had expired and that the vote must Mr. Greever moved that the time for the aking of the vote be extended ten minutes unless a vote be sooner reached. Agreed to.

It was now 2:25 o'clock. Mr. HERNDON gained the floor, and made a brief but strong address in favor of postponing the subject and in opposition to repealing the inspection laws. At 2:35 the CHAIR announced that the ten

ninutes had expired. On the question of postponing the subject Mr. McRae demanded the ayes and noes, and being taken the Senate agreed to postpone the whole subject indefinitely by the ollowing vote:

AYES.—Messrs. Allen. Beazley, Cochran, districts. Critcher, Dawson, Eastham, Greever, Herudon, Lawson, Massey, Newberry, Patterson, Pridemore, Quesenberry, Ragland, Rue, Taylor, and Wara—18.

NOES.—Messrs. Clarke, Duffield, Eubank, Graham, Holladay, Kirkpatrick, Lackland, Lathrop, of the Sta Nelson, and stevens-15. Mr. Massey: I move to reconsider the

vote by which the motion to postpone was agreed to. The CHAIR: The motion is out of order. Under the rules of the Senate it cannot be wrong or irreparable damage alleged to be made.

On motion of Mr. NEWBERRY the Senate adjourned. HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Speaker HANGER presiding. No prayer.

The following were INTRODUCED AND REFERRED. By Mr. SHUMATE: Bill for the relief of F. G. Beale, late treasurer of Fauquier county. By Mr. HILL: Resolution as to the expe-

diency of making distress-warrants returnable, as in the case of an attachment. By Mr. BARNES: Bill allowing Willis J. Lee to erect a pier or wharf on Nansemond river. By Mr. HANGER: Resolutions of a meeting

employed in manufactures.

By Mr. Armentrout: Bill to incorporate

the Collierstown High-School, in Rockbridge By Mr. BROOKS: Bill to provide artificial teeth for James A. Gentry, of Manchester,

or commutation therefor. By Mr. BEATON: Petition of the bar of Southampton and Nansemond asking a reduction to two terms in the First judicial circuit.

By Mr. WHARTON: Petition of citizens of Powhatan county remonstrating against the location of a lunatic asylum at Huguenot Springs, in Powhatan county. By Mr. O'NEAL: Petition of the School

Board of Alexandria in reference to county school boards.

## REPORTED.

Favorably. - Senate bill to amend the charter of the Potomac Land and Immigration Company; Senate bill to incorporate the Richmond and Coaffield Railroad Company; House bill to repeal the fence law in Staunton township, in Halifax county; House bill to authorize the formation of the James River and New River Railroad Company; House bill to appropriate \$500 to enable the Pomological Society of Virginia to exhibit the fruits of the State at the Chicago exhibition in September, 1875; Senate bill prescribing the duties, powers, liabilities, and compensation of certain county officers, providing for the collection of taxes, and for the repeal of chapters 37 and 46 of the Code.

RAILING FOR THE PORTICOES. The Committee on Finance reported

resolution authorizing the Superintendent of Public Buildings to have iron railings placed at a cost not exceeding \$200.

NIGHT SESSIONS.

Mr. A. I. CLARKE offered a resolution that mounced by Judge A. D. Dickinson, of the | Seminary, in Floyd county, to transfer to the | on and after next Monday the chair be va-Third circuit, at the May term of his court Broaddus Fe nale Academy its franchises, cated at 2:30 P. M. and resumed at 8 P. M., in 1874, in which opinion he holds that "so &c.; House bill to amend sections 1 and 2 for the purpose of considering private bills. PASSED.

House bill encouraging intermediate grades of instruction in the public schools.

ASYLUMS BILL REJECTED. House bill to enlarge the accommodations

of the Eastern and Western Lunatic Asylums failed to pass to its third reading-ayes, 63; noes, 42. Mr. Lovenstein moved to reconsider, and Mr. TAYLOR moved to pass that motion by.

Agreed to.

sons visiting Mount Vernon was amended and advanced to its third reading. House bill to extend the JURISDICTION OF THE COUNTY COURTS came up as unfinished business, and was op-

House joint resolution in relation to per-

posed by Mr. Cognill in an elaborate argu-Mr. NEELEY obtained the floor, but the time for the consideration of the general tax-LEAVE OF ABSENCE

ASSESSMENT ON PERSONS, PROPERTY, &C. On motion of Mr. Holskook the special

came from the Senate.

House bill providing for a lease of the pentientiary was read through, and post-

POSTPONED.

then decision. It was evident that the other ! House bill appropriating \$1,500 for repairs ! the whole story.

side were not screed among themselves, and | to the heating apparatus of the capitol was Senate bill to incorporate the Northern Immigration and Colonization Society came up on its passage. The vote being taken by division, it was found that there was no

To ascertain whether a quorum was presto it, but thought that fifteen minutes of the ent Mr. Powell moved to adjourn and to take the vote by division.

Upon this motion the House unexpectedly found itself adjourned at 2:10 o'clock-ayes, 45; noes, 39 - though a quorum was present.

An Abingdon Man Talks to the Legislature. ABINGDON, VA., March 9, 1875.

To the Editors of the Dispatch: The time for the adjournment of the Legislature is almost here, and 1 would like to know if they intend doing anything. I have been reading the papers pretty regular all winter, and I can't see that they have done much-in fact, it amounts to nothing. I am told it costs the people \$1,200 a day while the Legislature is in session; and \$1,200 a day ought to produce a good deal of work. But they take up a bill, discuss it awhile, and then either recommit it or make it the special order for some other day, and on that other day they have up something else, and just about the time we get interested, and think something is going to be done, the time arrives for the consideation of the special order, and away goes the matter that was up, and still the special orders seem to amount to nothing. I sometimes think that if the Legislature don't do better it would be a good thing if Sheridan would move up to Richmond and disperse it. There are some pretty good men in the body, but it seems they are so few that they can't do any good. The representatives from this county, and I know them all, are pretty good fellows, but then they can't do everything by themselves, and the majority seems be thoroughly competent for the General Aso be against them.

Mr. Legislators, please go to work. Take ip the dog and do something with it. Take up the road law and fix it so the roads can worked. They were bad enough here before the late rains; now they are impassable. Fix the rate of tax, and don't spend more money in fixing it than the difference in your views amounts to. Finish your work and come back home, for the men who want to try their bands at the same business next winter are already shaking hands and smiling, and all the members of the present Legislature who want to go back had better hurry home. Respectfully,

N. B. THURSTON. [From the Raicigh News ] Decision of Judge Bond in the Wil-

mington City Election Case. The following is the opinion of United-States-Circuit-Court-Judge Bond in the case f Duncan Holmes and Carter Gray et al. vs. W. P. Oldham et al., delivered in this city

This is a bill to enjoin defendants, who are registrars and poll-holders of election in the city of Wilmington, N. C., from registering voters or holding an election under in amended charter of that municipality reently granted by the Legislature.

The reason alleged by the complainants why this remedy should be given is that the law amending the former charter of that city unconstitutional; First. Because the districts into which the

ity is divided are largely unequal in proportion, though they have the same representation in the City Council, and that this is particularly true of the colored population, which, in the Third district, is by itself as large as the population of both the other

Second. Because the amended charter prescribes other qualifications for voters than are prescribed for voters in the Constitution | Missions. Adopted. of the State, which are particularly oppressive to the colored people.

Whatever may be said of the propriety or impropriety of the Legislature in question, we are of opinion that the remedy sought for is not a proper one. There is no special done or threatened to the complainants in person or property; but the injury threatened is stated to be the fear of great disorder and confusion, which would arise where there were two contending bodies claiming to be the Common Council, and to be entitled to the government of the city.

The remedy for this is the writ of quo warranto, brought by those out of possession of the office against those who hold it, and we know of no case where a court of equity has interposed by irjunction to prevent an election upon such general grounds of fear common to all citizens, even if the law under which it was about to be held was clearly unconstitutional. As is said by the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania in Smith and McCarty's 6th Equity Reports, "the power ought to be plain to authorize courts to forbid municipal elections when ordered by the Legislature," and we may add, that before they exercise it there age to the person or property of those who

seek the remedy. If this election be an illegal, unconstitutional one, the remedy by quo warranto is merary. complete. If it be a legal one, and the complainants or any of the citizens are deprived of their rights under the fourteenth or fifteenth amendments of the Constitution of the United States, there is ample remedy in the courts, by indictment and otherwise, under the acts of May 30th, 1870, and February 28th, 1871, to punish the wrong done

and to restore the rights of the parties.

We think the injunction must be refused. We do not think that the bill introduced by Mr. Gilman in the House of Delegates to counteract the civil-rights law is a wise or proper measure at this time. It would be sure to involve a conflict of jurisdiction between State and Federal courts, and will be used to the benefit of the Radical party in the elections of next year. Sound policy, it seems to us, would suggest the propriety of allowing a case to be made up and go before the Supreme Court to settle the constitutionality of the Federal law. The impression obtains very widely that it would be pronounced unconstitutional, and that would

be the end of it .- Lynchburg Virginian. The bill introduced by Mr. Gilman on Saturday for the protection of hotel-keepers, theatres, &c., has excited much discussion and division among the Conservatives. It does not meet the approval of the most considerate and sagacious members. The Comupon the east and west steps of the capitol, mittee of Courts of Justice will not approve Gilman's bill.-Richmond letter-Lynchburg Virginian.

So soon as the news arrived that the archbishop of New York was to be the first American cardinal he was interviewed by an industrious reporter. He had received no official notification of the fact, but believed the announcement was correct. This James D. Reese, A. W. Compton, H. W. elevation would, he said, not neessitate the Leslie, E. B. Duncan, J. R. Smith, and John selection of a new archbishop for New L. Clark. York, nor would it necessarily increase his jurisdiction or powers. In a council of Divine," was sung by the congregation with archbishops and bishops, however, a cardinal would rank the highest.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Pacific Railroad was held in Boston recently, and a board of directors for the ensuing year was elected. The condition of the company seems to be prosperous. The receipts for the fiscal year were \$10,559,-880, and the net earnings ₹5,907,565 -- equal to seven per cent. on the entire stock and bonds of the company. A dividend of six per cent. was ordered. A resolution was adopted au- Leesburg circuit, James S. Garner; Hamiithorizing the directors to erect a monument | ton and Grove, L. H. Crenshaw ; Potom: c to the late Oakes Ames at some point on the | mission, J. P. Hall; Hillsboro', L. R. Jones line of the road.

was granted to Messrs. Pendloron for three | inches diameter to any required shape. In- | liam circuit, J. M. Grandin; Stafford circuit, of by the slow, laborious, and expensive Episcopal Methodist. order was postponed, and the assessment method of forging. The bent shafts are also bill taken up, read through, and passed as it much better than forged ones from the fact that the fibre of the metal runs in one direc-

Baltimore Conference of the Methodist | Martin ; Morgan, W. M. Hines ; Wordens-Episcopal Church South Last Bay, [From the Washington Republican.] There was a very large attendance at the

seventh day's session of the twentieth meeting of the Baitimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South yesterday morning at Mount Vernon Place church, many being present with the expectation that the labors o. the Conference would close. The audience was composed largely of ladies, who represented the different Protestant churches in the district. Among the gentlemen in attendance were some of the prominent ministers of Washington, a porion of whom were introduced to the Conference. At 9 o'clock the session was opened with devotional exercises, conducted by Rev.

The Committee on the Bible Cause submitted their report, which recommends that the ministers preach on the necessity of circulating the Scriptures, and give the agents of the Bible societies cordial welcomes. The report was adopted.

The Committee on Educational Interests ubmitted their report, in which the followng institutions were recommended to the patronage of the Conference and the public generally: Randolph Macon College; Weseyan Female Institute, Staunton; West Virinia Female Seminary, Union, W. Va.; Montgomery Female College, Christiansburg; Roanoke Female College, Montgomery county, Va.; and Valley Female College, Winchester. REMARKS OF MR. DUNCAN.

Dr. Duncan briefly addressed the Conference on the necessity of education, and referred to the attacks made by scientific men on prayer as having benefited the Christian These attacks had set men to thinking, and the more they examined prayer the better they liked it. He had no doubts as to Christianity, and was willing that the scientists should go down deep in geology and pward in astronomy, but they could not lisprove the Bible. He contended that education was a help to the Christian, and referred to Randolph Macon, where the students do not forget their Christian duties, but have their regular prayer and class meetthings plain, and the other in making simple things difficult to understand. The college was not for pompousness and parade, but for the purpose of making the students useful, and many young men when they come to the college had first to be made humble. He had heard the objection that the introduction of educated young men into

way they could. The report was adopted. MISSIONARY WORK. Rev. Dr. A. W. Wilson, from the Special Committee on Missions, submitted an address to the Church. It sets forth the necesity of her people doing all in their power for the missionary work, and states that in four years this Conference gave \$26,000 for this work. To meet the claims every one should do something, and out of the 25,000 members of this Conference a large amount should be realized. The committee recommend that each pastor devote one Sabbath during his appointment to this missionary

to respect the man who, having but few

advantages, uses what talents he has in the

work of his Master. In conclusion, he urged

work. Bishop Marvin briefly urged the adoption of the address; which was agreed to. Mr. J. S. Martin moved that the preachers

be instructed to read the address before their congregations. Adopted. Dr. Cox moved that the address be published in pamphlet form by the Board of

J. P. Etchison ated relation. CHURCH PAPERS.

On motion, the report of the special Committee on Church Papers was taken up. The majority report endorsed the Balti-

more Christian Advocate, and recommended E. R. Smith as editor, and that the price be \$2 per annum. The minority report declined to endorse either the Baltimore Episcopal Methodist or Christian Advocate as the official organ of he Conference.

ority report on the table. Lost-47 in the affirmative and 69 in the negative. Mr. Head moved the adoption of the minority report. A motion was made to lay the minority

Rev. Dr. Eggleston moved to lay the ma-

report on the table. Adopted-81 in the offirmative and 52 in the negative. Mr. Conway moved to postpone the whole subject. Adopted-yeas, 69; nays, 60.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS. Rev. E. R. Smith was continued as supernumerary. Rev. S. K. Cox offered a resolution direct-

session, unless prevented by sickness. Adopted. Rev. Aaron Boone was made a supernu-

Evening Session. The Conference reassembled at 7:30 o'clock ast night in Mount Vernon Place church. Every seat was occupied, and the aisles were also filled, whilst the galleries were packed to overflowing. The Conference was opened with devotional services conducted by Rev. James S. Gardner.

Bishop Marvin invited the presiding elders to meet him in conference, and during his absence Mr. Eggleston presided. Mr. Head moved that the Conference re-

quest the Bishop to appoint Rev. John Poisal editor of the Baltimore Episcopal Methodist. Agreed to. The report of the joint finance board was next submitted and approved.

Rev. Mr. Gardner offered a resolution appointing a committee of ministers and laymen to inquire into the practicability of publishing a religious paper as the organ of the Conference, and in the event of establishing the same that Rev. A. W. Wilson shall be selected as its editor. Adopted.

Mr. Gardner announced appropriations for missions amounting to \$9,325 and the assessments to meet the same amounting to \$10,000.

The following were selected as the Board of Missions for the ensuing year: J. S. Martin, J. S. Gardner, Thomas E. Carson, Dr. Head, S. K. Cox, A. Wilson, G. G. Brooke, C. Shipley, J. B. Thomas, T. J. Magruder, and H. F. Zimmerman.

The usual visitors of the colleges of the Conference and committee of finance were appointed.

The Secretary read the minutes of the Conference; after which the Bishop made the following announcement of transfers: The hymn "Jesus, the Truth and Power

much spirit; after which Rev. Mr. Clark invoked the divine blessing. Bishop Marvin announced the appointments with a few remarks, and the Conference adjourned.

APPOINTMENTS. WASHINGTON DISTRICT-N. Head presiding elder, J. W. Boteler supernumerary .- Alexandris, J. H. Waugh, F. M. Mills supernumerary; Fairfax circuit, C. A. Joyce and J. W. Schooff; Falls Church circuit, W. G. Hammond; Farmwell circuit, O. C. Bell; and J. H. Boyd; Loudoun circuit, T. E. Carson and R. A. McElheney ; Piedmont, C. G. It is now possible by the aid of hydraulic | Linthicum; Linden, L. H. Baldwin; Warmachinery to bend iron shafts of twelve renton circuit, H. A. Gaver; Prince Wilcredible as this statement may seem to an ex- | S. F. Butt and J. J. Smith; Fredericksburg pert, crank-shafts are now so made, instead station, R. R. S. Hough; J. Poisal, editor

WINCHESTER DISTRICT-Samuel Regester

presiding elder .- Winchester station, S. Rodgers; Winchester circuit, W. S. Egglestion continuously, whereas in forged ones ton and J. H. March; Frederick mission, G. Stevenson; Straburg, M. G. Bathis; Front Royal and Riverton, J. H. Delany; Warren Mr. Ragland gained the floor on this question, but 3 ielded to Mr. Questenberry, who desired to address the Senate on the subject.

Mr. Moffett addressed the Senate in favor of remitting the subject to the people for remitting the subject to the people for their decision. It was evident that the other of the decision. It was evident that the other of the decision.

Mr. Ragland gained the floor on this question, and postion of the general turough, and posting the subject to Mr. Questenberry, who desired to address the Senate on the subject.

Mr. Moffett addressed the Senate in favor of remitting the subject to the people for their decision. It was evident that the other of the decision.

Mr. Moffett addressed the floor on this question of the decision of the absence of the chair-the man of the Finance-Committee.

The special Washington correspondent of the man of the Finance-Committee.

The special Washington correspondent of the density, I condensity recuit, J. A. N. Daily; Martinsburg, L. C. Milliant McNAMAKA, in the fity-second year of the absence of the chair-the man of the Finance-Committee.

To whom the finance of the absence of the chair-the man of the Finance-Committee.

To whom the fitting the subject to the people for until to-morrow.

Mr. Moffett McNAMAKA, in the fity-second year of the absence of the chair-the man of the Finance-Committee.

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The finance of the people for the p

ville, L. Grabel, W. A. Taylor supernume-rary; Shenandoab, A. A. Robey; Rosnoke

Female College, J. P. Hyde. ROCKINGHAM DISTRICT-D. Thomas pre siding elder.—Staunton, J. S. Martin, A. R. Martin supernumerary; Harrisonburg, S. S. Rossely; Shenandoah Iron-Works, W. C. Molloy; Meunt Sidney, J. H. Temple Churchville, J. F. Suggin, S. R. Jefferson supernumerary; Bridgewater, G. Manzy Sangersville mission, F. Furr; Rockingham

ROANORE DISTRICT-J. E. Armstrong presiding elder .- Salem, J. W. Duffey; Roanoke circuit, J. J. Engle; Blacksburg, B. F. Ball; Christiansburg, F. A. Muen; Fincas tle circuit, J. N. Follansbee, A. C. Bradenbaugh; Lexington circuit, A. P. Bonde James river, J. T. Williams; Newcastle mission, Robert Ross; Sinking ereek. F. H. Shipley ; Lafayette, S. Butt ; Catawba, to be supplied by J. D. Ellington. LEWISBURG DISTRICT - W. G. Coe pre

iding elder .- Lewisburg, P. B. Smith Frankford, J. J. Quickenburger, H. S. Coe White Sulphur, B. W. Wheeler; White Sulphur circuit, to be supplied; Levelton, J. R. Van Horn; Edray mission, J. W. Carter reen Bank, H. M. Shicklen ; Centreville, . F. Follin ; Union, H. C. Pitzer ; Peterstown, J. N. Gray; Summers, O. F. Bayes; Hillsdale, R. H. Wheeler; Blue Sulphur, W. H. Lynch.

LEXINGTON DISTRICT-J. L. Gilbert preiding elder .- Lexington, W. K. Hoyle; Collierstown, E. O. Flarity, E. L. Kengle supernumerary; Fairfield, J. S. Porter, R. G. Simmons; Augusta, A. Weller, one to be supplied; West Augusta, S. B. Dolly; Upper Botetourt, W. W. Hedrick; Covington, W. T. Quinn; Alleghany, H. T. Watts; Monterey, Thomas Helde brand, M. Scanlon; Crab Bottom, R. H. Wilson; Highland, H. D. Bishop; Baltimore, S. S. Rider; Green Valley mission, A.

H. Wade. MOORFIELD DISTRICT-P. H. Wisner presiding elder .- Moorfield, W. H. Wilson Petersburg, J. D. C. Hanna; Franklin, S. P. R. Trapp; Keysiss City, W. Hammond : South Branch, J. S. Hutcheson and J. K. ings. Dr. Duncan said that there was much Gilbert; Springfield, J. H. Wolf and T. G. difference between metaphysics and my - Morts; North River, J. W. Shreve; Hardy tiphysics-one in making the most difficult mission, W. Varner; Piedmont, James L Shipley ; Frostburg, C. E. Simmons ; Seistonville, L. R. Markwood; Cumberland, G. H. Zimmerman; Flintstone, J. Beatty; Rainsburg, J. R. Andrew; South Fork, A C. McNeer. J. W. Compton, transfer to Columbia Conference ; J. R. Smith to South Baltimore; L. H. Davis and J. D. Reese to Illinois; John L. Clark to Virginia Conference; E. B. Duncan to Florida Conference the ministry was introducing a caste into the W. Harris to Denver Conference; H. W. Church, This should not be so. There Leaslin to Holston Conference. was no reason for it, and they should learn

#### Price of the United States Revised Statutes.

that they should aid the college in whatever Washington, March 9 .- Since the announcement that the Revised Statutes were eady for distribution the Government Printer has received numerous letters from persons in all parts of the United States who desire to purchase copies. The law providing for the publication of the statutes authorizes their sale by the Secretary of State at a price equal to ten per cent. more than the cost of the paper, press-work, and binding. The Government printer has fixed the price at \$3.71 per copy, at which price the book can be obtained. The demand for free copies has been so great that, in order to prevent the misappropriation of those furnished for the use of the Departments and members of Congress, three distinctive marks have been placed upon the covers-one designating the copies belonging to the Departments, another those belonging to Congress, and another those for sale. The largest sales that have been yet have been to dealers, who, in reselling, will of course charge an advance on the Government price; but the Secretary State announces for the benefit of the legal profession that he is prepared to furnish copies to any one at the price already named.

Later returns have considerably reduced the proportions of the Republican victory in New Hamphire. A dispatch received at 2 clock this morning puts the vote of Che- DOYLIES and NAPKINS at very low prices at ney (Republican) for Governor at 38,771; Roberts (Democrat) 38,688; Temperance and scattering, 678; with ten towns to hear from. In 1874 these towns gave the Republican candidate 281 votes, and the Democratic 313. It will be seen that the temperance people have prevented the election of a Governor by the popular vote; they have also defeated two Republican candidates for Congress. In the First district Jones (Democrat) is elected by 472 plurality; in the Second, Bell (Democrat) is elected by 159 plurality; in the Third district, Blair (Republican) is elected by 73 plurality. The Republicans claim from six to twelve majority in the lower branch of the Legislature. The Senate stands five Republicans to five Democrats. In two districts there was no election. Unless later returns change these estishould be some threatened irreparable damports not later than the second day of the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person of property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person or property of these rules age to the person of Baltimore American.

A FORTUNATE NAME .- A ninety-nine years' lease of 220 acres of land in Baltimore has just elapsed, and the Chilcotes are the owners of the fee, while there is every prospect of their getting \$80,000,000 in England. The Baltimore property is said to be worth \$70,000,000. A family of Chilcotes reside in this county who are able to trace their arcestry directly back to the Baltimore family. Some of the same family reside in West Virgipia. Mr. Watkins James, of this place, has been investigating the subject for Mr. bilcote, and is of the opinion that there will be little difficulty in establishing their claim to the title. The amount is so large that however many heirs there may be all will receive a handsome amount .- Shenandoah Herald.

Postal .- G. A. Boisseau is appointed postmaster at Dinwiddie Courthouse, Va., vice Henry C. Cousins, resigned. Jacob denen is appointed postmaster at Mill Gap, Highland county, Va., vice A. L. Varner, resigned. Peters Halstead is appointed postmaster at Yorktown, York county, Va., vice Edward Cheeseman, removed.

INTENDING SETTLERS .- Mr. Alfred Moth

with parties in the North and Europe in-

tending to locate in Virginia has largely increased. The interest in this State as a colonization field is evidently growing .- Farmville Mercury. COUNTY COURTS .- We learn that the people, who in theory have some concern in the matter, will make the restoration of jurisdiction an unmistakable issue in the next

election. We wish the scheme success .-Burkeville Sentinel. HAMPDEN-SIDNEY CHURCH .- The Rev. Charles White, of Clarke county, Va., has accepted the invitation to the pastorate of this church .- Farmville Mercury.

Miss Kellogg is reorganizing her English Opera Company for next season, and engagements are now pending with several artists of European celebrity.

MARRIAGES.

# Married, on Wednesday, March 10th, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. C. Granbery, D. D., GEORGE R. ATKINSON, Jr., of Norfolk, Va., to ALIUE B., daughter of N. H. Forbes, of this city. of this city. Norfolk papers please copy.

DEATHS. Died, in Richmond, on Thursday morning at 6 o'clock, after a painful illness of inree weeks. MATTIE E., youngest daughter of Charles H. and Martin E. Trainum; aged fourteen months. I had a jewel, rich and rare, Placed in a casket bright and fair. He that gave this tewel to me Has taken it onck, an angel to be.

Farewell, my little MATTIE, dear, You've gone to Heaven and left me here; O, may this be my earnest prayer: That I may be worthy to meet you there, That I may be worthy to meet your method ther parents, 2312 Venable street, THIS (Friday) aFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend without turther notice.

Noriolk (Va.) papers please copy.

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mh 9-2w

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